

## VECTOR-BORNE DISEASES AND BLOOD SAFETY: A EUROPEAN PERSPECTIVE

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**Blood and Beyond** 



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- Results
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## ARBOVIRAL (arthropod-borne viral) INFECTIONS







### **Biological complexity**

of their transmission pattern (different vectors, reservoirs)

# Impact of serious complications

Epidemiological potential (mobility of infected travellers and establishment and spread of vectors in new areas).



## Spread of WNV in Europe



https://ecdc.europa.eu/en/west-nile-fever/surveillance-and-disease-data/disease-data-ecdc



Number of WNV infections in EU/EEA and EU enlargement countries by epidemiological week of notification\*, 2014-2018.



\* Week of notification to national authorities or if missing, week of notification to ECDC.



## First WNV-TT in USA (2002)



- The presence of an asymptomatic viremic phase (80% completely asymptomatic)
- The ability of the infectious agent to survive in collected and processed blood or components
- The ability to cause infection and disease through blood transmission.



## **REGULATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### COUNCIL OF EUROPE



### Directive 2014/110/EU

Prospective blood donors should be **deferred for 28 days** after leaving an **area with evidence of WNV circulation** among **humans** unless the results of an **individual nucleic acid test** are negative.



Application of the **same policies/ recommendations** for donors returning from areas affected by **ZIKV** and **CHIKV**.

What is the **impact** that one of these outbreaks will generate for the **European blood safety**?



## OBJECTIVES

- 1) Estimate the risk of emerging infection transmission throughout Europe
- Develop a simple tool to calculate the combined risk of disease transmission for outbreaks in specific countries/areas for Europe as a whole
- 3) Derive the number of infections transmitted by blood transfusion throughout Europe per observed infection in Europe ( $R_{0t}$ )
- Generate an easy way to estimate the impact of an outbreak for the European blood supply





## **Conservative Estimate of the Number of Infectious Disease Transmissions by European Travelling Donors**



- $n_i$  = the number of infected blood products per observed infection in outbreak region *i*
- $p_{dj}$  = the proportion of donors of the general population in country *j*
- $\varphi_i$  = the number of blood product distributed per donor per day country *j*
- $f_{v,i,i}$  = the number of visitors per day to the outbreak region *i* from country *j*
- $N_i$  = the number of inhabitants in the outbreak region *i*
- $D_a$  = the duration of infectivity of an infected donor (days)
- $D_{ia}$  = the length of time it takes for a donor to become infectious (days)
- $p_u$  = the proportion of unobserved infections



Risk model	(†	EUROPEAN CENTRE FOR MID CONTINUE	Europ n <sub>i</sub>	bean l $=\sum_{j}$	Jp-Fro $\left(p_{dj}\right)$	ont Ris $arphi_j  \cdot$	sk Ass $\frac{f_{v \ j,i}}{N_i}$	essm . <u>(D</u> a.	tient To $/2 + L$ 1 - 2	pol (E P <sub>ia</sub> ) · p <sub>u</sub>	UFRA D <sub>a</sub>	JT)
Data collection		OUNCIL OF	EUROPE	(.	el	iros	tat	$\Diamond$		Pu	Ы	)ed
Calculation	PARTNER	Netherlands •	Norway	Poland	Portugal 💌	Slovakia 💌	Spain 💌	Sweden	Switzerland and Liechtenstei n	United Kingdom	Yugoslav	Country specific Travelling donors' risk factor (pd fv Phi / N) ,T
	Montenegro	5.77.E-09	6.33.E-09	3.16.E-08	1.46.E-09	6.43.E-09	2.28.E-09	9.35.E-09	6.96.E-09	2.06.E-08	0.00.E+00	2.83E-07
	Netherlands	0.00.E+00	3.10.E-09	3.35.E-09	1.99.E-09	5.43.E-10	7.24.E-09	4.73.E-09	5.10.E-09	4.12.E-08	0.00.E+00	3.30E-07
	Poland	2.35.E-08	0.00.E+00	8.70.E-09	1.13.E-09 3.17 E-10	1.25.E-09	1.04.E-08	0.69.E-08	8.17.E-09	2.74.E-08	0.00.E+00	3.83E-07
	Portugal	1.18.L-09	3.29.E-09	7.58.E-09	0.00.E+00	6.00.E-10	4.98.E-08	7.42.E-09	8.39.E-09	5.97.E-08	0.00.E+00	3.55E-07
	Romania	9.15.E-10	3.19.E-10	1.92.E-09	2.62.E-10	4.61.E-10	1.35.E-09	5.33.E-10	4.44.E-10	2.41.E-09	0.00.E+00	3.53E-08
	Slovakia	1.40.E-09	6.34.E-10	1.24.E-08	3.87.E-10	0.00.E+00	1.71.E-09	1.38.E-09	1.18.E-09	4.87.E-09	0.00.E+00	1.25E-07



## **RESULTS**

Background

Conclusions

### Sanquin **European Blood Alliance** - European Travelling donors' risk assessment tool -

### European Travelling donors' risk assessment







1

Maximum risk

Add an outbreak/



Sanguin

### European Travelling donors' risk assessment



Total number of transmissions in the country at risk (or all of Europe if selected) Total number of transmissions in the country of the outbreak

kground Objectives Methodology Results Conclusions

1.9E+00

6.6E+01

1 required outbreak for one infected blood product in Europe

0 required outbreak for one infected blood product in Greece

### European Travelling donors' risk assessment



Total number of transmissions in the country at risk (or all of Europe if selected) Total number of transmissions in the country of the outbreak

1.9E+00	1 required outbreak for one infected blood product in Europe
6.6E+01	0 required outbreak for one infected blood product in Greece

### European Travelling donors' risk assessment

(Grey cells are input fields)

#### Virus assessed

Select virus to assess (or select other)

#### Country assesed

Select country or region at risk to evaluate

#### **Disease characteristics**

Duration of latent period of acute infection (days)

Duration of infectious period during the acute phase of the disease (days)

#### **Outbreak characteristics**

European country of outbreak

Number of observed infections

Proportion of unobserved/ asymptomatic infections

#### **Risk parameters**

Country specific travelling donors' risk factor (per day)

Visitors per inhabitant per year

Disease specific travelling donors' risk factor (days squared)

Country specific local transmission risk factor (per day)

#### Estimated number of transmissions by blood products

In the country at risk (or for all of Europe if selected), per observed infection In the country of the outbreak (or for all of Europe if selected), per observed infection Ratio of transmissions from local outbreak and transmissions by travelling donors

Total number of transmissions in the country at risk (or all of Europe if selected) Total number of transmissions in the country of the outbreak



 $\left(\frac{J_{v j,i}}{N_i}\right) \cdot D_a \left(D_a/2 + D_{ia}\right)$ 

Maximum risk

Add an outbreak/

assessment

Calculation:

Reset

West Nile Virus

Europe

8.0

5.5

Greece

234

99.60%

1.53E-04

1.3217

1.9E+00

6.6E+01

1 required	outbreak	for one	infected	blood	product i	n Europe
0 required	outbreak	for one	infected	blood	product in	n Greece

### European Travelling donors' risk assessment

(Grey cells are input fields)

#### Virus assessed

Select virus to assess (or select other)

#### Country assesed

Select country or region at risk to evaluate

#### **Disease characteristics**

Duration of latent period of acute infection (days)

Duration of infectious period during the acute phase of the disease (days)

#### **Outbreak characteristics**

European country of outbreak

Number of observed infections

Proportion of unobserved/ asymptomatic infections

#### **Risk parameters**

Country specific travelling donors' risk factor (per day)

Visitors per inhabitant per year

Disease specific travelling donors' risk factor (days squared)

Country specific local transmission risk factor (per day)

#### Estimated number of transmissions by blood products

In the country at risk (or for all of Europe if selected), per observed infection In the country of the outbreak (or for all of Europe if selected), per observed infection Ratio of transmissions from local outbreak and transmissions by travelling donors

Total number of transmissions in the country at risk (or all of Europe if selected) Total number of transmissions in the country of the outbreak



122 observed infections required for one infected blood product in Europe 4 observed infections required for one infected blood product in Greece

1.9E+00	1 required outbreak for one infected blood product in Europe
6.6E+01	0 required outbreak for one infected blood product in Greece



### European Travelling donors' risk assessment

Grey cells are input fields

	Maximum risk
Reset	Add an outbreak/ assessment

#### West Nile Virus West Nile Virus West Nile Virus

Europe	Europe	Europe
8.0	8.0	8.0

5.5	5.5	5.5
France	Greece	Italy
7	234	234

1.45E-04	1.53E-04	1.57E-04
0.5309	1.3217	0.6821
14,781	14,781	14,781
1.6E-04	2.1E-04	1.6E-04

99.60%

99.6%

Total

99.60%

3.1E-03	8.2E-03	4.3E-03
2.2E-01	2.8E-01	2.2E-01
70.9	34.6	51.7

d)	2.2E-02	1.9E+00	1.0E+00	4.78E+00
	1.55E+00	6.63E+01	5.25E+01	3.56E+02

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Based on the **1339** human neuro-invasive cases of WNV infections reported in Europe during 2018 the **estimated number of blood products with WNV** (given that no safety interventions would

be in place) is 4.78

#### Virus assessed

Select virus to assess (or select other)

#### Country assesed

Select country or region at risk to evaluate

#### **Disease characteristics**

Duration of latent period of acute infection (Dia)

Duration of infectious period during the acute phase of the disease (Da)

#### **Outbreak characteristics**

European country of outbreak

Number of observed infections

Proportion of unobserved/ asymptomatic infections

#### **Risk parameters**

Country	specific travel	ling donors	risk factor
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Visitors per inhabitant per year

Disease specific travelling donors' risk factor

Country specific local transmission risk factor

#### Estimated number of transmissions by blood products

In the country at risk (or all of Europe if selected) per observed infection In the country of the outbreak (or all of Europe if selected), per observed infection Transmissions from local outbreak divided by transmissions by travelling donors

Total number of transmissions in the country of origin (or all of Europe if selected Total number of transmissions in the country of the outbreak

### European Travelling donors' risk assessment



### 140 NI cases required for one WNV infected blood product by a travelling donor in Europe





Given the characteristics of the European blood supplies and travels within Europe, in order to have **one infected blood product** of **WNV in Europe** would be necessary on average **7016 observed WNV infections**, or **140 neuro-invasive cases** of WNV infection



## **Risk of Infectious Disease Transmission by European Travelling Donors**

	Unique outbreak in Greece		Multiple outbreaks	Outbreak in Europe
	Risk for Greece	Risk for Europe	Risk for Europe	Risk for Europe
Estimated number of transmissions per observed <b>NI infection</b>	0.28	0.0082	0.0036	0.0071
Estimated number of <b>NI</b> infections required for one infected blood product	4	122	279	140
Estimated number of transmissions per observed non-NI infection	0.0057	0.00016	0.000071	0.00014
Estimated number of <b>non-NI</b> infections required for one infected blood product	176	6114	13992	7016



## CONCLUSION

- Risk models can provide estimates based on a limited number of variables only, providing a framework for blood safety decision-making.
- The risk of transmission of infections by blood from travelling donors of the arboviruses considered (presuming that these would indeed be transmitted) are comparable in size and require thousands of infections to attain one transfusion transmission.
- Local risk of transmission of the arboviruses considered by blood transfusion are more than an order of magnitude higher than the cumulative risk for the whole European blood supply, even when this risk is conservatively estimated
- These **risk ratios** provided may **vary per country**, and are most strongly influenced by the nations **travelling habits**



# Thank you!